The main steps of a Business Plan

Why to start a business?

- Fully rewarded;
- Helping others (jobs), and others helping you (team work);
- Favorable fiscal system;
- Other people's moneys: banks, investors, funds etc.

What is the business plan?

A document which identify and project the opportunities and the problems which the company will face in the future.

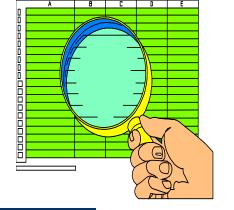
The Business Plan is a esential for the long term succes.

The Business Plan is like a passport for obtaing the financing

The Business Plan is a "map" for the company

Elements of a BP (Delloite research)





Business plan objectives

- to show if the business is feasible or not;
- to put the ideea into practice;
- to obtain the neccesary funds;
- to 'PLAN" (activities, deadlines, milestones, objectives etc.);
- to conciliante the entrepreneur's dreams with the economic reality.

Where we should intervene?

Attitude;

Cultural level;

Mentalities.

Education is essential. Divergent thinking. Creativity.

The structure of the business plan

- 1. Business overview. Describing the business the products, services etc.
- 2. Market analysis.
- 3. Marketing strategy.
- 4. Human resources.
- 5. Required investments.
- 6. Financial projections.
- 7. Funding.
- 8. Presentation of the BP.
- 9. Annexes

1. Business overview. Describing the products, services etc. The objectives

- Company description and history.
- Describe and explain the business idea.
- Describe the nature of your business.
- Describe your products or services.
- Present the marketplace needs that you are trying to satisfy.

1. Business overview. Describing the products, services etc. The objectives

- Choose a name suggesting who you are, what you do, how you do it.
- Describe the business location and branches.
- Describe your knowledge, experience and abilities concerning this business. What about your partners?
- Describe the business operations.
- The legal structure of the business (Limited, Corporation, NGO etc).

1. Business overview. Describing the products, services etc. The objectives

- Explain what you will sell.
- Identify your competition.
- Which is your competitive advantage?
- What is your mission?
- Which are your short and long term objectives?
- How much capital you need to start the business?

2. Market analysis

2.1 Customers analysis

- Who are your customers?
- Individuals or companies? Men or women? Etc.
- Do a market segmentation.
- Explain on which segment you will focus.
- Which is the total available market (TAM)?
- Which is the served available markets (SAM)?
- Which is your intended market share (% out of SAM)?

2. Market analysis

2.2 Analysing the competition

- Identify your direct competition.
- Which is their market share?
- What makes you different?

2.3 Market analysis

- Primary research (questionnaires, surveys or interviews).
- Secondary research (published research).

3. Marketing strategy

3.1 The Marketing Mix

- 3.1 Product: concept, outlook etc.
- 3.2 Price.
- 3.3 Promotions and publicity.
- 3.4 Placement.

3.1 Product

- Quality;
- Design;
- Caracteristics;
- Brand;
- Service;
- Warranty.

3.2 Price

- Calculating the fixed costs;
- Calculating the variable costs;
- Calculating the final cost per product;
- Calculating the optimal price;
- Compare with he competion's price;
- Payment conditions;
- Discounts etc.

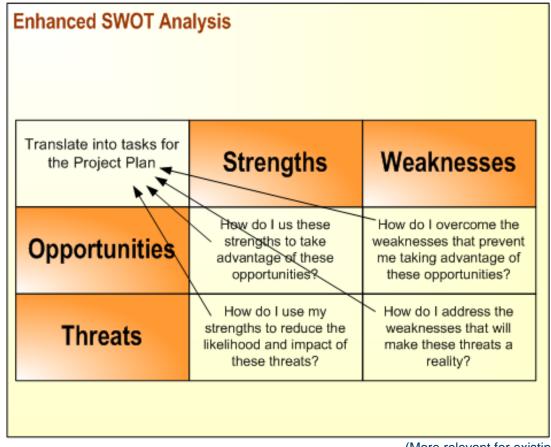
3.3 Promotions and publicity

- Make a prospect with a description of your product;
- What would you like to happen as a result of the publicity;
- What message you will use?
- What media you will use and why?;
- How you will monitor the results?
- Which is your BUDGET?

3.4 Placement

- How your product will get to the customers?
- What are your distribution chanels?
- What area are you covering?
- Seasonal or continuous?
- How you keep your inventory?

3.5 SWOT Analysis



(More relevant for existing companies)

4. HR

- How many employees you need?
- Can you find the necessary skills?
- How you will recruit them?
- Make a personnel count.
- Calculate the wages.
- Calculate the social contributions
- Trainings
- Stimulations.

5. Investment decision

- What investments are required?
- Which are their costs?
- Depreciation.
- Cash-Flows generated.
- The residual value.
- Simple criteria for investment decision

5. Investment decision

- Time value of money;
- Opportunity cost of the capital;
- NPV, IRR, IR
- Estimating the risk;
- Sensitivity analysis;
- Monte-Carlo method.

6. Financial projections

6.1 Break-even analysis

Break-Even Point = Fixed Costs/(Price per unit – Variable Costs)

- 6.2 Profit budgeting
- Estimating the sales.
- Calculating the costs.
- Estimating the profit.

6. Financial projections

- **6.2 Forecasted financial statements for 5 years:**
- 1. Balance sheet
- 2. Income Statement
- 3. Cash-flow stament

6. Financial projections

- 6.3 Financial ratios
- Liquidity
- Debt
- Efficiency
- Profitabilty
- 6.4 Financial Charts (Break Even, P&L, Cash-Flow etc)

7. Funding the business

EQUITY: funds from owners

DEBT: funds borrowed

Self-financing

Other sources: EU Funds, Angels, Venture capital etc

Financing costs

Capital structure

8. Presenting the BP

The oral presentation:

- Be on time;
- Be clear;
- Be enthusiast;
- Be sure you know very well your BP;
- Stress the company's competitive advantages.

Supporting documents (annexes).

Expect feedbacks.

Anticipate questions!!!